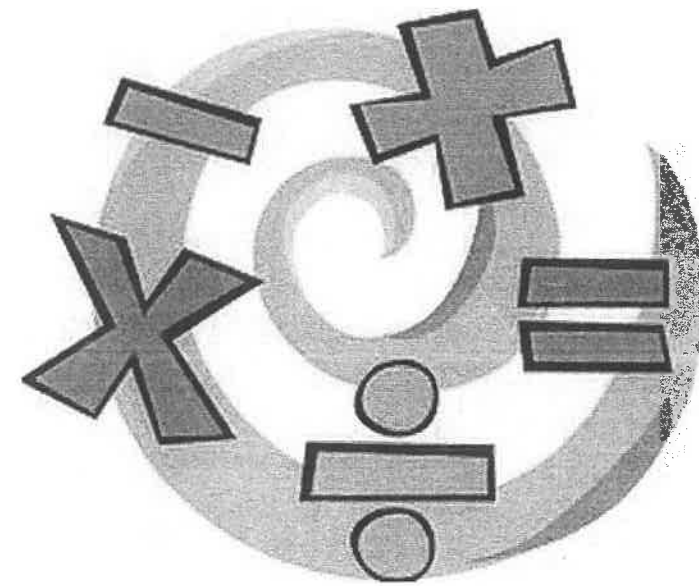


Confucian Tai Shing Primary School
2021-2022 1st Term



Mathematics Quality Assignment
(Basic Multiplication 2N3 ☀)



Name: Natalie (4) Class: 2J0g

(A) Calculate the following questions.

Learning focus: Understanding repeated addition (加) and concept (概念) of multiplication (乘).

Online self-learning

materials:



There are 3 dishes on a table, each dish has four pieces of cake. There are 12 pieces of cake in total (總共).



3 fours mean (意思是) adding up (連加) 4 by three times (3 次).

Shown as:

$4 + 4 + 4 = 12$
 $4 \times 3 = 12$

Multiplicand (被乘數) Multiplier (乘數) Product (積)

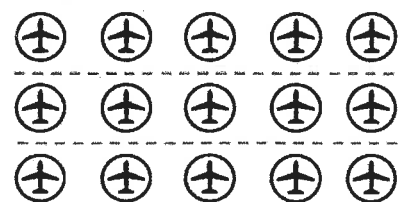
Write the answer in the or _____.

1. Each row (行) has 5 chessmen (棋子), there are 3 rows.

Addition: $5 + 5 + 5 = 15$

Multiplication: $5 \times 3 = 15$

It means 3 fives.

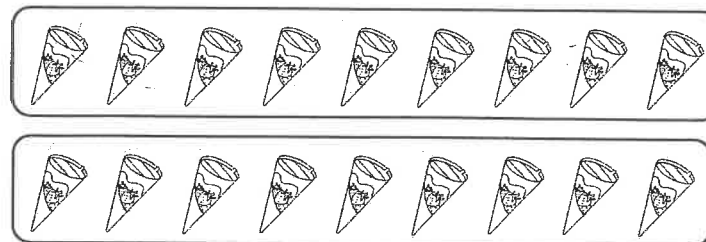


2. Addition: $7 + 7 + 7 + 7 + 7 + 7 = 42$

Multiplication: $7 \times 6 = 42$

It means 6 sevens.

3.

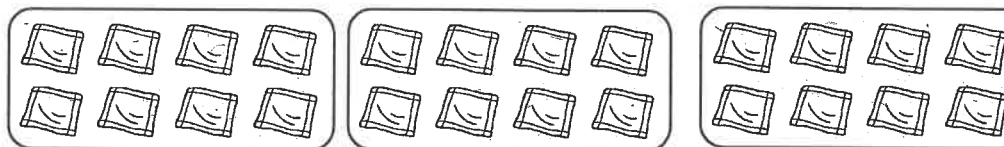


Addition: $9 + 9 = 18$

Multiplication: $9 \times 2 = 18$

It means 2 nines.

4.



Addition: $8 + 8 + 8 = 24$

Multiplication: $8 \times 3 = 24$

It means 3 eights.

Quiz

5. $\star + \star + \star + \star + \star + \star = 36$.

What is the value of \star ?

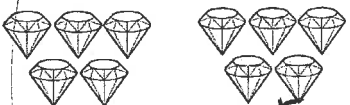
$\star = 6$

$\star \times ? = 36$

(B) Calculate the following questions.

Learning focus: Showing (展示) the number of objects (物件) by multiplication.


Write the answer in the .

6. 
 Each group has 5 pieces of diamond (寶石), there are 2 groups.

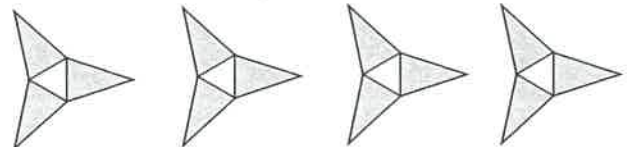
$5 \times 2 = \boxed{10}$, there are $\boxed{10}$ pieces of diamond.

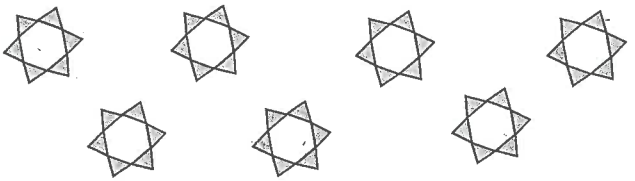
Numbers of piece in each group

No. of group

7. 
 $2 \times \boxed{6} = \boxed{12}$, there are $\boxed{12}$ pieces of diamond.

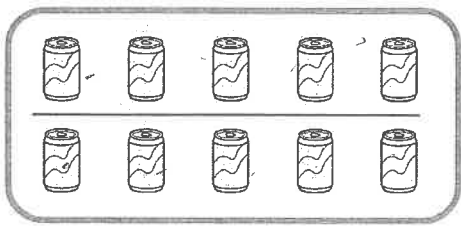
8. 
 $\boxed{10} \times \boxed{4} = \boxed{40}$, there are $\boxed{40}$ pieces of diamond.

9. 
 $3 \times \boxed{4} = \boxed{12}$, there are $\boxed{12}$ coloured triangles (三角形).

10. 
 $6 \times 7 = \boxed{42}$, there are $\boxed{42}$ coloured triangles.

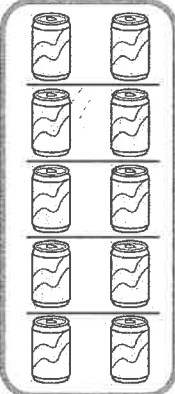
(C) Write the answer in according to the pictures.

Learning focus: Knowing the product (積) remains (保持) the same when exchanging (互換) the two numbers (multiplicand (被乘數) and multiplier (乘數)).

11. (a) 

Each row has 5 cans (罐) of coke, there are $\boxed{10}$ cans of coke in 2 rows.

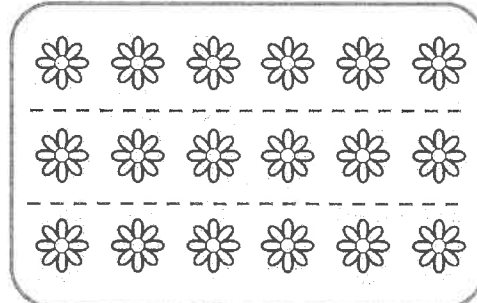
$5 \times 2 = \boxed{10}$

(b) 

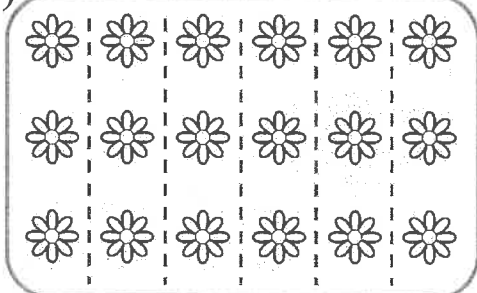
Each row has 2 cans of coke, there are $\boxed{10}$ cans of coke in 5 rows.

$2 \times 5 = \boxed{10}$

(c) Both have the (same) (different) number of cokes. (Circle the correct answer)

12. (a) 

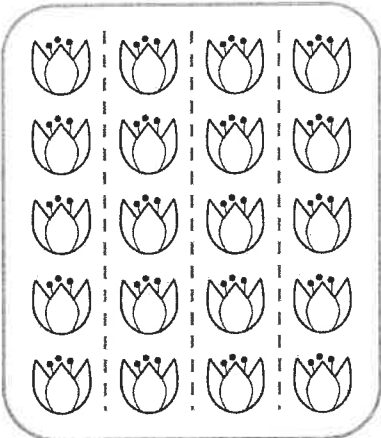
$6 \times \boxed{3} = \boxed{18}$
 There are $\boxed{18}$ flowers.

(b) 

$3 \times \boxed{6} = \boxed{18}$
 There are $\boxed{18}$ flowers.

$6 \times \boxed{3} = 18 = 3 \times \boxed{6}$

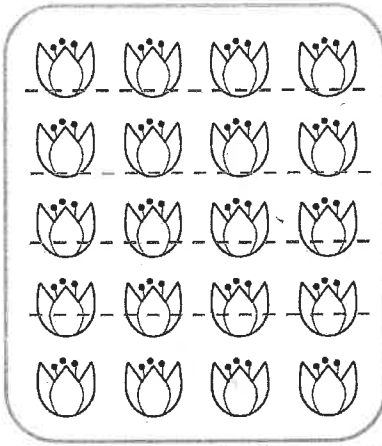
13. (a)



$$5 \times 4 = 20$$

There are 20 flowers.

(b)



$$4 \times 5 = 20$$

There are 20 flowers.

$$5 \times 4 = 20 = 4 \times 5$$

From the results above, what do you find?



Based on your finding, finish the following questions.

$$14. 9 \times 3 = 3 \times 9 = 27$$

$$15. 8 \times 10 = 10 \times 8 = 80$$

$$16. 9 \times 5 = 5 \times 9 = 45$$

$$17. 4 \times 6 = 6 \times 4 = 24$$

Quiz

18. If 8 packs of snack cost the same price of 3 packs of fruit jelly, which (哪種) snack is it?

Answer: It is bubble gum.

Happy Snack	
Bubble gum ...	\$3/pack
Marshmallow ...	\$9/pack
Fruit jelly ...	\$8/pack

(D) Solve word problems and show your working.

Learning focus: Solving problems by using multiplication.

19. Cherry saved \$10 everyday starting from Wednesday. She got enough money to buy an album (相簿) until Saturday. How much does an album cost?

$$10 \times 4 = 40$$

∴ An album costs \$40.

$$\begin{array}{r} 10 \\ \times 4 \\ \hline 40 \end{array}$$

20. A packet of bread (一袋麵包) has 8 pieces and costs \$12. How many pieces of bread in 3 packets?

$$8 \times 3 = 24$$

∴ There are 24 pieces of bread in 3 packets.

$$\begin{array}{r} 8 \\ \times 3 \\ \hline 24 \end{array}$$

21. Mrs. Lam bought 4 boxes of half a dozen of eggs (半打雞蛋). How many eggs did she buy?

$$6 \times 4 = 24$$

∴ She bought 24 eggs.



22. Distance (距離) between two trees is 9 meters. A dog runs back and forth (來回) between these two trees twice (兩次). How many meters does it run?

$$9 \times 4 = 36$$

∴ It runs 36 meters.

23. A ticket (門票) of an art museum (藝術館) for an adult (成人) is \$10, for a child (小童) is \$7. Peter, Ken and Mary bought child tickets, how much did they pay?

$$7 \times 3 \checkmark$$

$$= 21 \checkmark$$

\therefore They paid \$21.

24. There are 100 pieces of prism (柱體) in each box of blocks (積木). How many pieces of pyramid (錐體) are there in 5 boxes of blocks?

$$0 \times 5 \checkmark$$

$$= 0 \checkmark$$

\therefore There is 0 piece of pyramid in 5 boxes

(E) Challenging Question.

25. Design a word problem of multiplication and show your working.

Question

A red ball costs \$5, a white ball costs \$6. Peter ~~wants to buy~~ 2 red balls. How much

did he pay?
Show your working

bought

$$5 \times 2$$

$$= 10$$

\therefore He paid \$10. \checkmark

Marks: 25 / 25

19.11

Summary:

1. Multiplicand \times multiplier = product. \checkmark
2. Multiplicand is a number to be added up. \checkmark
3. The product remains the same \checkmark when exchanging the numbers (multiplicand and multiplier).
4. When solving word problems, multiplicand and multiplier need to be recognized correctly (正確辨認).

Assessments:

Self-assessment:

After studying this chapter,

- I can identify multiplicand, multiplier and product.
- I can understand the exchanging property of multiplication.
- I can solve word problems related to multiplication.
- I calculate carefully. (Work)
- I learned with effort. (Attitude)
- I checked the steps carefully. (Ability)

I have learnt that multiplication is a convenient and smart way to calculate repeated additions. ✓

Peer assessment: Natalie's work is neat and tidy. She presented her calculations logically. ✓

Parents' Feedback:

- | | |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <input type="checkbox"/> Able to work independently
(能獨立完成課業) | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Finish assignments only with
guidance (須指導才能完成課業) |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Neat writings (字體端正) | <input type="checkbox"/> Sloppy writings (字體草率) |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Tidy assignment (課業整潔) | <input type="checkbox"/> Pay attention to tidiness
(要注意整潔) ✓ |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Complete assignment seriously
(認真完成課業) | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> More effort required (仍須努力) |

Other comments (其他意見): _____

Teacher's Feedback:

- | | |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Able to master the learning
objectives of the unit | <input type="checkbox"/> Unable to master some learning
objectives of the unit |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Identify angles correctly | <input type="checkbox"/> Failed to identify angles |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Neat writings | <input type="checkbox"/> Sloppy writings |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Tidy assignment | <input type="checkbox"/> Pay attention to tidiness |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Completed assignment according
to instructions | <input type="checkbox"/> Be more careful in reading the
question |

-
- | | |
|-----------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------|
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Excellent | <input type="checkbox"/> Good |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Satisfactory | <input type="checkbox"/> Improvement needed |

Other comments: The word problem designed was clear and creative.

The End